

# STRUCTURE OF THE HUMAN BODY 2008

## Lecture Reading Assignments Moore and Dalley, Clinically Oriented Anatomy, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition Sadler, Langman's Medical Embryology, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition

<b>October</b>		ref. Moore	ref. Sadler
13	Introduction	2-25; 30-46	
14	Back	534-553	
15	Vertebral Column, Spinal Cord	478-534	
16	Scapula and Pectoral Region	750-763; 742-750;766-773	
20	Introduction to Radiology	67-72	
21	Superficial Posterior Triangle; Brachial Plexus	1055-1064; 773-781	
22	Joints	26-30	
23	Arm and Forearm	726-736; 784-825	
24	Hand	826-847	
27	a) Embryology: Germ Layers; Placenta		45-110; handouts
	b) Neurology: Lesions of the Upper Limb		
28	Radiology: Back and Upper Limb		
29	Embryology: Limb Development		125-142; handouts
30	Thorax, Lung	112-136	
31	a) Heart	137-168	
	b) Embryology: Heart		159-194
<b>November</b>			
3	Superior and Posterior Mediastinum	169-184	
4	a) Radiology: Thorax		
	b) Clinical Anatomy: Thorax		
7	Anterior Abdominal Wall	196-231	
10	Mesenteries, Celiac Trunk, Abdominal Viscera I	231-308	
11	a) Superior and Inferior Mesenteric Arteries, Kidneys, Abdominal Viscera II	308-325	
	b) Embryology: Digestive System		203-227

12	a) Posterior Abdominal Wall, Diaphragm	325-343	
	b) Embryology: Genito-Urinary Systems		229-256; handouts
13	a) Radiology: Abdomen and Pelvis		
	b) Clinical Anatomy: Abdomen		
17	Pelvis, Iliacs, Sacral Plexus	357-432	
18	Gluteal Region and Posterior Thigh	555-600; 607-631	
19	Urogenital Triangles; Perineum	433-467	
20	Anterior and Medial Thigh	597-600; 600-607	
21	a) Leg and Foot	632-675; 684-701; 701-716	
	b) Radiology: Lower Extremity		
24	Neurology: Lesions of the Lower Limb		
<b>December</b>			
1	Autonomic Nervous System	58-67; 1124-1154	
2	Cranium and Cranial Nerves	886-920	
3	Orbit	957-964; 968-978	
4	Anterior Neck; Root of Neck	1065-1116	
5	Face and Infratemporal Fossa	933-953; 978-987; 1010-1014	
8	Pharynx and Larynx	1089-1111	
9	Embryology: Pharynx and Face		257-281; handouts
10	Oral and Nasal Cavities	987-1009; 1015-1022	
11	Ear	1026-1037	
12	a) Radiology: Head and Neck		
	b) Clinical Anatomy: Head and Neck		